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ISAAC S. JONES

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## LAST YEAR

250 million dollars worth of property was burned in this country; about 21 million a month, about 700 thousand day, about 29 thousand an hour, 500 dollars worth is burning while you read this advertisement.

Issyour property insured? B. P. LEARNED & CO.

Agency Established May, 1846. ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Brown & Perkins, Allemen-al-Law Over Uncas Nat. Bank, Shetucket St.



TRAPSHOOTING STATISTICS

Those Who Have a Penchant For week, but various other issues, espec-ially shippings, oils, motors, leathers and papers, advanced 1 to almost 5 points, mainly at the expense of the Figures Can Find Lots of Interesting Data in the Averages of the Scattergun Artist. bears.

Rails moved within a narrow area, and industrials, notably steels and coppers, were disposed to react, though making up lost ground before the close. United States steel was under close. United States steel was under

MAKES FOOD FOR DOPESTERS

By PETER P. CARNEY Press Representative of the Interstate Trapshooting Association.

Statistics are great to wade through, especially statistics that pertain to activities in the line of sports. There is much more to them than mere fig-

steady pressure most of the session but finished at a nominal advance. Hair a dozen stocks, United tatSes steel, Marine pfd., Distillers' securi-ties, Industrial Alcohol, Reading and Central Leather, contributed over 50 There are thousands of persons who so through all the published averages and who in this way become walking enclopedia's on the ability of those who are of pational importance in the per cent to the day's total of 255,000 shares.

General news was variable. Balti-

shares.

Shares.

General, news was variable. Builtmored of sports.

Those who have a penchant for figares will find vast amusement in the
1917 trapshooting averages, now being
issued by the Interstate Trapshooting
Association As has already been announced in these columns. Lester
German, of Aberdeen, Md., led the
professionals in the averages and
William H. Heer, of Gurthrie, Okla.
topped the amateurs.

The statistics show that 152 amaters averaged 90 per cent. or better on

ters a traged 90 per cent. or better on 2000 for the past fortnight. Excess re-2000 or more targets, against \$1 pro-serves decreased almost \$25,000 000, ressionals; 17 amateurs and 16 pro-reducing the actual total to little more 17 amateurs and 16 pro-Four amateurs bettered 97 than \$62,000,000.

Bonds were irregular, Liberty 3 1-2s selling at 98.30 to 98.14, first 4s at 96.60 to 96.50 and second 4s at 96 to 95.92. Bond sales (par value) aggregated \$2,950,000. Old U. S. 2s and 4s were 5-8 to 3-4 per cent. higher on call during the week. per cent. against three professionals; 17 amaturs and 16 professionals avera-aced better than 96 per cent., and 31 amateurs and 25 professionals averag-ed more than 95 per cent. These fig-ures indicate that the amateurs have

Shot at 9920 Targets.

Charles W. Hymer, of Davenport, Io., shot at more targets than any other shooter. He blazed away at 80 less than 10,000. His average was .9206. The only other shooter, and a professional, too, who shot at more than 9000 targets, was Jay R. Graham, of Incleside, Ill. He shot at 9115 and

of Ingleside, Ill. He shot at 9115 and averaged .9471. Graham won the trapshooting championship in the Olympic games in Stockholm in 1912.

Three amateurs shot at more than 6000 targets with Al Koyen, of Freemont, Neb., leading with 6400. His average was .9343. Linn Beauchaump, of Harrington, Del., fired at 6350, and averaged .9502, and O. N. Ford, of San Jose, Cal., tired at 6025 and averaged .9346.

Homer Clark, the professional champion, was quite a ways down in the averages, shooting at 3100 targets for a percentage of ,9609. Mark Arie, the amateur champion, didn't shoot at 2000 targets, and therefore isn't listed in the averages. Neither is Mrs. Ad. Topperwein, the champion woman professional shot.

One Armed Shot Always Good, George Maxwell, the one-armed professional, continued his remarkable shooting. He fired at 4360 targets and averaged .9356. Year after year Max-well fires at 4000 or more targets and

has always averaged better than 93 per W. Caldwalader, of Decatur, Ill., who lost his right eye while fixing a trap a co; le of years 250, finished the seasy i wish an average of 9186 on 5685 targets. Cadwalader put an extre itb on his gun and now sight; will the left eye but shoots from the ht shoulder as he did before the ac-

Sheeters Who Made Long Runs. With trophies being awarded for with trophies being awarded for long runs—50 straight or better—it is interesting to note that \$33 amateurs and 24 professionals had at least one run of 50; 282 amateurs and 17 professionals had two runs of 50; 210 amateurs and 20 professionals, three runs; 128 amateurs and 12 professionals, four runs; 77 amateurs and 6 professionals, five runs; 59 amateurs and 5 professionals, six runs; 43 amateurs and 5 professionals, six runs; 43 amateurs and 5 professionals, seven runs; 30 and 8 professionals, seven runs; 30 amateurs and 7 professionals, eight runs; 25 amateurs and 11 professionnine runs; 26 amateurs and 6 pro-donals, 10 runs; 21 amateurs and and 6 professionals, 12 runs; 16 amateurs teurs and 2 professionals, 12 runs; 15 minteurs and 4 professionals, 12 runs; 13 amateurs and 4 professionals, 1 4runs; 27 amateurs and 4 professionals, 15 runs.
28 amateurs and 4 professionals, 15 runs.
29 From this point the pro fessionals had it their own way, one or more having 16 or more runs up to 25 at which mark four men are listed. It is worth mentioning again that

German had 41 runs of 50 or efter. The highest run of the year was 284, Frank Troch, an amateur, of Van-ouver, Wash. The highest run for a professional was 261, by Hugh Poston ofeesional was 261, by Hugh Poston San Francisco, Calif.

## Danny Murphy Signs New Haven Contract

Will Manage Team This Coming Season—James Collins and Murphy Were in Conference Here Sunday-John L Sullivan, Former Heavyweight Champion, Dead.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

200 Pitts Cond
100 Pitts C pr
100 Pitts C W Va
100 Pitts & W Va
100 Pitts & W Vp
100 Prem Steel Car
500 Rey Steel Sp
21.0 Rey Con Cop
1100 Reading
100 Republic
100 Republic
100 Republic
100 Rey I & St pr
200 Royal Dutch
100 St, L & S S
100 St, L & S S
100 St, L & S S

200 United Drug
10) Unit Drug 1 pr
200 United Equit
200 United Equit
200 United Ry Int
400 United Ry
400 United

160 Westinghouse
190 White eMtors
1800 Willys Overland
190 Willys Over pr
180 Woolworth
Total sales 556,150 shares.

COTTON.

MONEY.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 1. — Hogs, receipts 34,000 head. Markets slow and 10 to 15 cents lower. Mixed and butchers, \$15.90@16.50; good and heavy, \$15.85@ \$16.35; rough heavy, \$15.50@16.05; light, \$15.75@16.40; pigs, \$12.00@15.00; hulk \$16.20@15.45.

bulk, \$16.20@16.45.
Cattle.—Receipts 14,000 head. Markets weak and 15 cents lower. Beeves, \$8.65@14.15; cows and heifers, \$5.50@1511.90; stockers and feeders, \$7.45@ \$10.50; calves, \$9.50@16.00.

Sheep.—Receipts 12,000 head. Markets steady to weak. Native and western, \$10.00@13.50; lambs, \$14.75@17.75.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1.—Cattle supply light. Market steady. Choice, \$12.75 @13.75; prime, \$12.75@13.75; good, \$11.50@10.50; common, \$9.50@10.50; falr. \$9.50@10.50; common, \$9.50@10.50; common to good fat bulls, \$7.25@12.60; common to good fat cows, \$9.00@10.50; heifers, \$10.00@11.25; fresh cows and spring-

\$10.00@11.25; fresh cows and spring ers, \$60.00@110.00; veal calves \$17.00

Sheep and lambs.—Supply light.
Market steady. Prime wethers \$14.
mixed \$11.50@12.50. fair mixed \$9.50@
11, culls and common \$6@8, spring

lambs \$18.50.

Hogs.—Receipts 40 double decks.

Market 25 to 30 cents lower. Prime heavy hogs \$16.50@16.50, mediums \$16.60@18.65, heavy yorkers \$16.55@16.75, hight yorkers \$16.50@16.75, pigs \$15.75@16.25, roughs \$13.50@15.50,

\$15.75@16.25, roughs \$13.50@15.50, stags \$13.50@15.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Low. 126% 121%

lambs \$18.50.

182 Sta 1815 Sta 1815



DANNY MURPHY.

At a conference in this city between lames Collins, owner of the New Haven baseball club and Danny Murphy, who managed the champions of the Eastern League last season, Murphy signed a contract to manage the New Haven team during the season of 1918. Danny Murphy first played professionally with Worcestre, Mass., when only 18 years of agg. He was not quite fast enough, however, and Attleboro, Mass., secured him in 1899. One year later he went to Norwich, en baseball club and Danny Murphy,

SATURDAY'S MARKET

Representative Stocks Advanced One

New York, Feb. 2.-Representative

stocks were not especially responsive today to the prospects of a suspen-sion of fuelless Mondays after next

than \$62,000,000. Bonds were in

Sales

200 Alaska Gold M.

300 Alaska Juneau

300 Allaska Juneau

300 Allaska Juneau

300 Allis Chalmers pr

100 Allis Chalmers pr

100 Am Agri C pr

100 Am Bect Sugar

600 Am Can

100 Am Can

100 Am Can

100 Am Cotien. Oil

100 Am Cotien. Oil

100 Am Cot Oil pr

1800 Ah H & L

200 Am H & L pr

100 Am Intecomo pr

100 Am Locomo pr

100 Am Sugar

100 Am W P P P

6700 Anaconda

109 Att Const Line
2400 Att G & W 1
2400 Bald Locome
100 Bald Locome
100 Bald Locome
100 Bald & Onlo
400 Barrett Ce.
1000 Bald & Onlo
400 Barrett Ce.
1000 Bald & Onlo
1000 Bald & Sep
1100 Bald S pr ctfa
1000 Bald Bald Bald
1000 Cal Packtug
1100 Can Leather
1000 Can Leather
1000 Can Leather
1000 Can Leather
1000 C R I & P T
1000 C R I & R
1000 C R
1000 C R I & R
1000 C R
1

700 Kennecott
120 Klng C E L &
100 Lank Steel
100 Lehighy Valley
100 Lbg & Myers
100 Losse Wiles

Locse Wiles
Louis & Nash
Marwell M I
Mennell M I
Mennell M I
Mennell M I
Minni Opper
Midrale Steel
M & St L ne

STOCKS.

12% 55% 57% 74% 74%

to Almost Five Points.

and before the season was over he had been bought by New York. He was returned to Norwich in the spring of 1902 and in July of the same year Connie Mack bought him for the Athletics. He played second base regularly until 1910, when he was assigned to the outfield to make room for Eddie Collins. In the outfield Murphy shope even better than in the inphy shone even better than in the in-field. During the 1913 season he was the acting captain of the team, al-though unable to play much.

After leaving the Athletics Murphy went to the Brookfeds where he stayed for two years and then in 1916 went to New Haven where he built up a win-ning team that copped the Eastern League pennant in 1917.

Collins at present has about a doz-en men on the reserve list and the talk of Saturday had a lot to do with the herding up of a collection of pitchers to be on a par with the bunch of stars who landed the Eastern penstars who landed the Eastern pen-nant at the Rock last summer.

For pitchers Collins has only Harry Donovan left and he is liable to be hooked off in the draft. Micky Flaher-ey is on hand for a backstop and he is out of the draft. Russell, the catcher who worked in one game for Collins last season and then returned to his studies at Kingston Agricultural col-lege is still available but he too is lege is still available but he, too, is liable for the draft. On first, Moose Miller is still on the

16 Ma 16 Marie 18 Mar

1414

barely steady at a net

Earl Stimson is also married and out out of the draft.

Snyder, a pitcher whom Collins picked up a couple of seasons ago is still under suspension for not reporting. He is working in the Yonkers, N. Y., post office and Erwin, the shortstop who Collins got from Baltimore to take the place of Shannon when he skipped the Murlin outfit a year ago last summer, is also under suspension for not reporting. Both of the players named are eligible for the draft.

Collins says that he believes the reople will support him in good shape this summer and he is going to make every effort to put a crackajack team in the field. He believes this will be easier this summer than ever due to

communication trench, Pete in my immediate rear. He had his hand on my trench have to keep in touch with each other. We had just climbed over a bashed-in part of the trench when in our rear a man tripped over a loose signal wire, and let out an oath. As

in the field. He belieces this will be easier this summer than ever due to the number of players that will be available through other leagues suspending during the year.

New Haven fans generally are hopeful that Collins will see his way clear to stazzing the season for at the present time with so much doubt in evidence at Yale regarding how far Eliwill participate in sports this spring, the spoxting bill looms none too large in variety. usual. Pete rushed to his help. To reach the fallen man, he had to cross this bashed-in part. A bullet cracked in the air and I ducked. Then a moan from the rear. My heart stood still. I went back and Pete was lying on the

in variety. An effort was made Sunday even-ing to get in touch with Murphy but he could not be located.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN DIES

AT HOME IN ABINGTON Former Champion Passes Away as He Wished, With His Boots On.

John L. Sullivan, formerly the world's heavyweight champion, died at his home in Abington, Mass., Sat-

urday.
Sullivan, who was 59 years old, had lived on a farm there for the last 10 years. He was ill with heart trouble years. He was ill with heart trouble three weeks ago, but his health quickly improved and he went to Boston Friday. Saturday morning he arose results and planned and he went to Boston Friday. Saturday morning he arose results and planned and he were to Boston ficial record of Pete's name, number, rank and record of Pete's name. as usual and planned another visit to the city, but during the forenoon had an attack of the old trouble from which he failed ot rally. He died at 1000 members are successful to the control of the control of the control of the casualty lists and notification to his family. We left Pete there, but it broke our hearts to do so. The doctor information of the control of the control

Mrs. Sullivan died some months ago. John Laurence Sullivan was one

the most picturesque characters in the history of prize fighting. For more than 10 years, from the time he defeated Paddy Ryan in 1882, in a bare knuckle fight under the London prize ring rules, until he was defeated by James J. Corbett, in 1892, his person-ality and methods of fighting comletely dominated sporting circles in

ne United States.

In the annals of pugilism in this ountry two notable distinctions were is; he was the last champion to fight under the London prize ring rules. I was largely through his achievement that the championship title was made a prize of great monetary value. In the early days of his career, \$1,000 side was looked on as a great sum. He received only \$53 for the fight that made him a national character in fisticuffs and won him the right to chal-lenge Paddy Ryan for the champion

His friends ranged all the way from the ordinary "fight fan" to many men of social and financial distinction in the United States, and it is said he was on chumming terms with the late King Edward VII. of England,

King Edward VII. of England.

As was his wish John L. Sullivan died with his shoes on. Although stricken with heart Bouble three weeks ago he had quickly improved and was in no sense an invalid. He was about to leave his house in Although in lowering the body into the gravely interesting the section in the section of the gravely interesting the whole section in the gravely into the gravely interesting the section of the gravely interesting the section of the gravely interesting the section of the gravely interesting the gravely interest and was in no sense an invalid. He looks across the stretcher (to be used was about to leave his house in Abington, Mass., Saturday to see his old friend. Captain James P. Sullivan, of the Boston police department, when he received his final knockout.

His friend and companion, George M. Bush, rushed to his side as the old two of the men carrying a wreath. Immediately after the companion of the men carrying a wreath. gladiator sunk to the floor unconscious

giadiator sank to the floor unconscious and revived him with cold water applications to the head. "John L." responding quickly to this treatment as Behind the stretcher, in columns of and revived him with cold water ap-plications to the head. "John L." rein his paimy days in the prize ring, four struggled to his feet and refused to take the decision of Time. He reluctantly consented to have a physician called, but after receiving medical villa fours came the remainder of the sec treatment, announced that have a bath and keep his appointment.

Leven as he expressed his determination, he became unconscious and died apparently without further pain.

The body will be taken to the home salue a private is entitled to "some-where in France." reatment, announced that he would to and fro. apparently without further pain.

The body will be taken to the home of his sister in the Roxbury district where in France.

of Boston where funeral services will be held Wednesday morning.

Hardly had the news of the passing of one of America's greatest fistic champions been flashed broadcast than messages of sympathy began pouring into town from men in all walks of life. Sullivan in his prime, was a popular idol and he never entirely lost his hold on the public. This was due not only to the success of his was due not only to the success of his rugged.

Now and again.

Serman lines would go whistling over the village to burst in our artillery lines in the rear.

When we reached the cemetery, we halted in front of an open grave and laid the stretcher besides it. Forming a hollow square around the opening of the grave the chaplain read the burial service.

German machine gun bullets were "cracking" in the air above us, but was due not only to the success of his prize-fighting days but to his rugged battle against his old easy-going hab-

"John L" always attributed his loss the grave, the flag having been reof the American championship to moved, we clicked our heels together James J. Corbett by a knockout in New Orleans, Sept. 7, 1892, to liquor. He had made a fortune in the prize I could not brave to see the dirt. New York, Feb. 2.—More optimistic views of domestic mill consumption and diminishing apprehensions of price fixing seemed responsible for a sharp advance in the cotton market this morning. After the first rush of buying orders had been supplied, however, trading became less active and part of the improvement was lost, with the close barely steady at a net He had made a fortune in the prize it could not brave to see the unit ring and had spent it when his friends thrown on the blanket-covered face of tendered him a benefit concert in Bostendered him a benefit concert in Bostendered him on his feet again. The ton to put him on his feet again. The money obtained from this venture to get a blanket to protect you from went also according to his ruling habter, and then Sullivan's old fighting the section stayed and decorated the spirit reasserted itself and he an-counced that he had entered the list against John Barleycorn for a fight candle in the machine supports dug-

against John Barleycorn for a ngat to the finish.

Knowing the open-handed, easy go-ing methods of the man, the public re-gorded this challenge with interest, but John L. battled with John Bar-leycorn as he had with all his oppo-nents. He forced the fighting, as it New York, Peb. 2.—Mercantile pa-per 5 1-2 @ 5 3-4. Sterling 60 day bills 4.72: commercial 60 day bills on bills 4.72; commercial 60 day bills on banks 4.71 1-2; commercial 50 day bills 4.71 1-4; demand 4.75 1-4; cables 4.76 1-2. Francs, demand 5.71 1-2; cables 5.69 1-2. Guilders, demand 4.8 1-2; cables 44. Lires, demand 5.22; cables 8.50. Rubles, demand 13; ca-bles 13 1-2. Bar silver 86 5-8. Mexi-can dollars 69. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm. nents. He forced the fighting, as it were. He proclaimed his defiance of drink from platforms throughout the country and held himself up to the youth as a horrible example of what drink would do. True to his word he never let up in his aggressive fight against liquor, and frequently left his farm here for long temperance speaking tours.

the cheer leader to ask him to stand up. Training his megaphone upon the soldiers the cheer leader yelled at them:

"Will Private Murphy, of such and such a company and regiment, please stand up as your nurse here would like to see you?"

With one accord the several thousand soldiers arose, each yeiling to the nurse:

ing tours.

He was 59 years of age when he was counted out. He had often expressed regret that he was too old to go with the boys overseas, but he was not too old to do his bit. He never declined an invitation to speak at a flag rais-

regret that he was too old to go with the boys overseas, but he was not too old to do his bit. He never declined an invitation to speak at a flag raising or recruiting rally or in behalf of the Liberty Loan.

Sullivan was never taught how to box. He took to fighting naturally, His first appearance in the ring was at a variety performance in Boston when he was in his 'teens, a magnificently bullt young man weighing nearly 200 pounds. A husky boxer who was one of the performers, challenged anyone in the audience to enter the ring with him. It was a summons Sullivan could not refuse, although he had had no ring experience. Peeling off his coat, he leaped upon Peeling off his coat, he leaped upon the stage, took a blow to the head and knocked out his opponent with one clean punch straight from the shoulder. It was a method of fighting he never dropped.

ATHLETIC NOTES.

As the teams entered the field be-tween these two stands a very pretty nurse asked the soldier's cheer leader

OVER THE TOP! By ARTHUR GUY EMPEY GUNNER IN FRANCE AND WENT.

Copyright by ARTHUR GUY EMPEY CHAPTER VIII-Continued.

We had gotten half way through the

rear and from the descried gardens of the French chateaux gathered grass and flowers. From these we

made a wreath.

While the boys were making this

wreath I sat under a shot-scarred apple tree and carved out the follow-ing verses on a little wooden shield which we nailed on Pete's cross:

True to his God; true to Britain.

Doing his duty to the last, Just one more name to be written On the Roll of Honor of heroes

Passed to their God enshrined

One more chapter in England's Of her sons doing their best.

Rest, you soldier, mate so true,

Next morning the whole

glory, Entering life of eternal rest, One more chapter in England's story

Never forgotten by us below; Know that we are thinking of you, Ere to our rest we are bidden to go.

this I cursed the Prussian war-god with all my heart, and I think that St. Peter noted same.

St. Peter noted same.

The machine gunners in the dugout were laughing and joking. To them, Pete was unknown. Pretty soon, in the warmth of their merriment, my blues disappeared. One soon forgets on the Western front.

CHAPTER IX Suicide Annex.

I was in my first dugout and looke

this bashed-in part. A builtet cracked in the air and I ducked. Then a moan, from the rear. My heart stood still. I went back and Pete was lying on the ground; by the aid of my flashlight I saw his hand pressed to his right breast. The fingers were covered with blood. I flashed the light on his face, and in its glow a grayish-blue color was stealing over his countename. Pete looked up at me and said:

"Well, Yank, they've done me in. I can feel myself going West." His voice was getting fainter and I had to kneel down to get the words. Then he gave me a message to write home to his mother and his sweetheart, and I like a great big boob, cried like a baby. I was losing my first friend of the trenches.

Word was passed to the rear for a stretcher. He died before it arrived. Two of us put the body on the stretch-lad and carried it to the nearest first-lad between the determined in the steps and carried it to the nearest first-lad between the determined in the steps. It was about twenty feet below the fire trench; at least there were twenty steps leading down to it. These steps were covered with blood. I flashed the light on his face, and in its glow a grayish-blue color was stealing over his countename. Pete looked up at me and said:

"Well, Yank, they've done me in. I can feel myself going West." His voice was getting fainter and I had to kneel down to get the words. Then he gave me a message to write home to kneel down to get the words. Then he gave me a message to the rear for a baby. I was losing my first friend of the trenches.

Word was passed to the rear for a stretcher. He died before it arrived, I was about twenty feet below the fire trench; at least there were twenty steps leading down to it had been a drip, drip. The died of the dugout and looked around curiously. Over the door was a little sign reading "Suicide Annex."

One of the boys told me that this particular front trench was called "Suicide Ditch." Later on learned that machine gunners and bombers are known as the "Suicide Club."

That dugout was there were twenty steps leading down to it. These steps were cut into the earth, but at that time were muddy earth, but at that time were muddy and slippery. A man had to be very careful or else he would "shoot the chutes." The air was foul, and you could cut the smoke from Tommy's fags with a knife. It was cold. The walls and roof were supported with heavy square-cut timbers, while the entrance was strengthened with sandbags. Nalls had been driven into hearts to do so. The doctor informed us that we could bury him the next morning. That afternoon, five of the boys of our section, myself included, went to the little ruined village in the

other to his sweetheart. While doing these timbers. On each nail hung ; miscellaneous assortment of equip-ment. The lighting arrangements were superb—one candle in a reflector made from an ammunition tin. My teeth were chattering from the cold, and the drip from the airshaft did not help matters much. While I was sit-ting bemoaning my fate, and wishing for the fireside at home, the fellow next to me, who was writing a letter, looked up and innocently asked "Say, Yank, how do you spell 'conflagra-

Tooked at him in contempt, and answered that I did not know.

From the darkness in one of the corners came a thin, piping voice singing one of the popular trench ditties

ing one of the popular trench ditties entitled:

"Pack up your troubles in your old kit bag, and smile, smile, smile,"

Every now and then the singer would stop to cough, cough, cough, but it was a good illustration of Tommy's cheerfulness under such conditions.

A machine gun officer entered the durgmt and gave me a hard look.

dugout and gave me a hard look. I sneaked past him, sliding and slipping and reached my section of the front line trench where I was greeted by the sergeant, who asked me, "Where in

'll 'ave you been?" I made no answer, but sat on the muddy fire step, shivering with the cold and with the rain beating in my face. About half an hour later learned up with another fellow and

## "TOMMY'S DICTIONARY OF THE TRENCHES"

"Back o' the Line." Any place behind the firing line out of range of enemy guns.

Baler. A scoop affair for baling out water from the trenches and dug-outs. As the trenches generally drain the surrounding landscape, the sun has to be appealed to before the job is completed.

Bantams. Men under the standard armyy height of 5 feet 3 inches. They are in a separate organization called "The Bantam Battalion," and although undersized have, the opin-ion that they can lick the whole German Army.

Barbed Wire. A lot of prickly wire entwined around stakes driven in front of the trenches. This obstruction is supposed to prevent the Germans from taking lodging in your dugouts. It also affords the enemy artillery rare sport trying to hlow it up.

blow it up. 'Barndook." Tommy's nickname for his rifle. He uses it because it is harder to say and spell than 'rifle.' Barrage. Concentrated shell fire on a sector of the German line. In the early days of the war, when am-munition was defective, it often landed on Tommy himself.

Barricade. An obstruction of sand bags to impede the enemy's traffic into your trench. You build it up and he promptly knocks it down, so what's the use?

Bashed In." Smashed by a shell. Generally applied to a trench or dugout. Batman. A man who volunteers to

To get to the cemetery, we had to pass through the little shell-destroyed village, where troops were hurrying clean a non-commissioned officer's buttons but who never volunteers a trench raid. He ranks next to a Bayonet. A sort of knife-like contriv-

ance which fits on the end of your rifle. The Government issues it to stab Germans with. Tommy uses it Now and again a shell from the German lines would go whistling over "Big Boys." Large guns, generally

eight inch or above.

"Big Push." "The Battle of the Somme." He often calls it "The First of July," the date on which it started. Big Stuff." Large shells eight inch or

"Big Willie." Tommy's term for his personal friend, the Kaiser. Billet. Sometimes a regular house, but generally a stable where Tommy sleeps while behind the lines. It is generally located near a large man-ure pile. Most billets have numer

ous entrances—one for Tommy and the rest for rain, rats, wind and Billet Guard. Three men and a corporal who are posted to guard the billets of soldiers. They do this un-til the orderly officer has made his

rounds at night, then they go to sleep. Biscuit. A concection of flour and water, baked until very hard. Its original use was for building pur-poses, but Tommy is supposed to eat

it. Tommy is no coward, but he "balks" at this. Biscuits make excellent fuel, and give no smoke. Bivouac. A term given by Tommy to a sort of tent made out of water-proof sheets.

Blastine. A high explosive which promotes Kultur in the German lines. Blighty. An East Indian term meaning "over the seas." Tommy has adopted it as a synonym for home. He tries numerous ways of reaching Blighty, but the "powers that be" are wise to all of his attempts.

so he generally fails. "Blighty One." A wound serious enough to send Tommy to England B. G. M. C. Brigade Machine Gun-Company, composed of Vickers ma-chine gunners. They always put their packs on a limber or small wagon while route marching, which fact arouses the jealousy of Tom-

Body Snatcher." Tommyy's term for

Bomb. An infernal device filled with high explosive which you throw at the Germans. Its chief delight is to explode before it leaves your hand. Bomb Store. A place where bombs are kept, built so the enemy cannot locate them with his fire. For that matter, Tommy can't either when he needs them.

Bombing Post. A sort of trench or sap running from your front line to within a few yards of the enemyy's trench. It is occupied by bomb throwers who would like to sign an

agreement with the Germans for neither side to throw bombs. Brag. A card game similar to poker at which every player quits a loser

and no one wins, that is, according to the statements of the several players. Brazier. A sheet iron pot punched full of holes in which a fire is built.

It is used to keep Tommy warm in his dugout, until he becomes unconscious from its smoke and fumes. He calls it a "fire bucket."

Brigade Guard. Several men who are detailed to guard Brigade Headquarters. They don't go to sleep.

B. S. M. Battalion Sergeant Major The highest ranking non-commis-sioned officer in the battalion. A constant dread to Tommy when he has forgotten to polish his or dubbin his boots.

Bully Beef. A kind of corned beef with tin round it. The unipened cans make excellent walls for dugouts Burm. A narrow ledge cut along the

walls of a trench to prevent earth from caving in. "Burm" to Tommy is a cuss word, because he has to "go over the top" at night to construct it. Busted." Term applied when a non-

commissioned officer is reduced by court-martial.

Button Stick. A contrivance made of brass ten inches long which slides over the buttons and protects the tunic in cleaning.

halls of learnin. They are not com-pelled to play under other rules than they learned at college.

But the National Collegiate A. committee on these various sports may ask just that, else what is it driving for? It cannot be that they want their pictures on the first inside page, high-

Sport is best promoted by standard-izing the rules. There have been times in the past when even the college boys could not agree on one code for a col-lege game like football. 'Way back in

(Copyright, 1918, by Sol Metzger.)

From the Commerce Reports. Clothing workers in Paris wish to introduce the "English week," with Saturday afternoon free. They take two hours at moon now and it is believed that for this reason the introduction of the English week would greatly reduce the output.

Americans in the far east are great-

Always Look Happy.

Why do photographs of women airplane pilots always show them com-peting for the record in the standing broad grin? — Pittsburgh Gazette-

Majestic Building, Shetucket St.

Bowl and play Billiards for exercise and recreation

candle in the machine gunner's dug-out of the front line trench, I wrote

By Sol Metzger.

At the Washington and Jefferson-Camp Sherman football game at To-ledo last fall several thousand enlisted men sat in one of the corner grand-stands. Around the corner from them, so to speak, and placed in the boxes at the front of their stand, were sev-eral score of Red Cross nurses.

Private Murphy, of such and such company and regiment, was with a conlisted men. Learning that he was, this very pretty nurse said that since she had nursed him she would stood even by football players. In fact college players also find them satisfact or see him again and requested there are few good scouts. Their game

the cheer leader to ask him to stand

"Here I am?"

This story well illustrates the present collegiate athletic situation—if not

Football scouting is now having its bad innings at the hands of the fac-ulty reformers every time they get together for a conference on athletic ills. Somebody once swiped the opposing team's signals and, the opposi ing team being righteously indignant, scouting got the blame.

As a matter of fact football scout-

ing isn't harmful. Those who so pro-claim it know as little about it as the Chicago player of some years back who was sent to Minnesota to get the dope on Harry Williams' eleven. He came back with the sort of a report that anyone could write. His "inside" stuff was as near "inside" as the over-coat he wore. It was not even a good newspaper account of the detail of the

game. It ran about like this:
"On the first play Minnesota made eight yards around the right end and had fine interference. A few line bucks and another end run resulted in a touchdown and the goal was kick-

is something like that of the small boy forcibly ejected from their hallowed at a circus. to watch is three rings and the clown, whereas a scout has to watch and note down what eleven men do in each play on both offense and defense, and in addition what down and in what position of the field each play is made from. Scouting is not getting the other team's signals or buying off oppos-ing players, as some would think. As far as getting another team's signals is concerned, the modern coach has his troubles in getting his own sig-nals into the brains of his own pro-teges, even if they are honor men in the classroom.

Scouting is not frowned upon by football men. On the contrary they will extend every courtesy of the field to the scouts of their biggest rivals. The whole game is played openly, unlike summer baseball, and has hone of the real or imagined ills of that but weather wants. hot weather sport Scouting does make the game more scientific. Right now a committee of the Na-tional Collegiate Athletic Association is considering the advisability of com-plling and publishing rules to govern

intercollegiate boxing, wrestling, fenc-ing, gymnastics and tennis, same to contain on first inside page half-tone portraits of the said rule makers. In these days of print paper scarcity and sport for all agitation, it seems a pity that a committee should be at work trying to waste paper and

injure the cause of sport for all. We call its attention to the fact that good and sufficient volumes on these same sports compiled by various and efficient athletic bodies are already in existence and that the sportsmen playing the various aforesaid games are well satisfied with the codes as writ.

To be sure the creating of new rules

To be sure the creating of new tules might improve various sports. Again it might not. It seems to us most reasonable to suppose that, let us say, the U. S. N. L. T. A. has now a perfectly satisfactory rule book on tennis a for both college and amateur players. In fact the intercollegiate tennis associations of the east and west get along fairly well with these rules. And college players also find them sets.

browed as they are? Perish thought.

lege game like football. Way back in the 30's Yale and Princeton played the gridiron game under different rules than Harvard and Pennsylvania, but it is still doubtful if they shed any more blood, Bill Edwards to the con-trary notwithstanding. Basketball has gone through much the same process. But the tendency to standardize the rules of sport has had the right of way. way.

ly pleased over the increase in the number of American vessels visiting ports there.

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